

First Quarter 2011 Results

Underlying net profit increased 61.6% to EUR 1,492 mln

Jan Hommen CEO

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ING Group posted strong first-quarter results

ING Group underlying net result rose 61.6% to EUR 1,492 mln

- Strong performance Bank and significant improvement Insurance
- Net result was EUR 1,381 mln, or EUR 0.37 per share

Bank posted another strong quarter: underlying pre-tax result of EUR 1,695 mln

- Net interest margin remained healthy
- Bank core Tier 1 ratio increased to 10.0% as a result of noticeable capital generation

Insurance shows significant improvement: underlying pre-tax result of EUR 461 mln

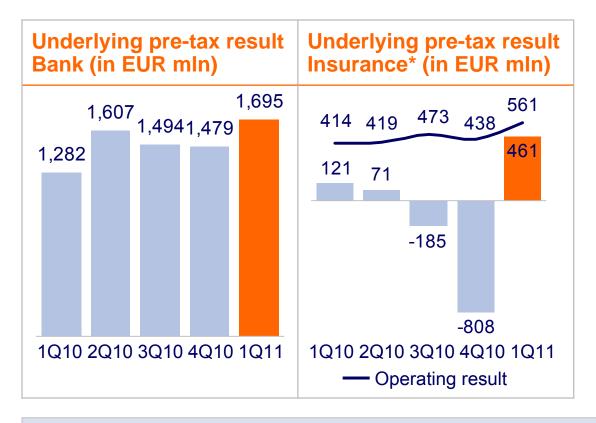
- Operating result increases 35.5% to EUR 561 mln in 1Q11
- Sales (APE) showed solid growth compared with both 1Q10 and 4Q10

Divestment process on track and state aid will be repaid out of retained earnings

- Preparation for two IPOs of Insurance operations on track
- ING will proceed with the planned repurchase of EUR 2 bln of core Tier 1 securities from the Dutch State on 13 May 2011 at a total cost of EUR 3 bln



Both ING Bank and ING Insurance showed strong results in the first quarter



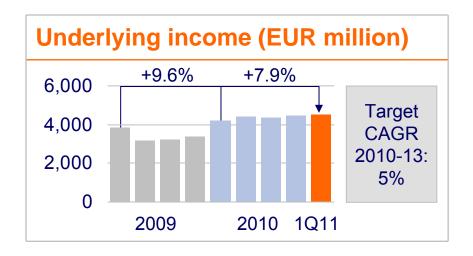


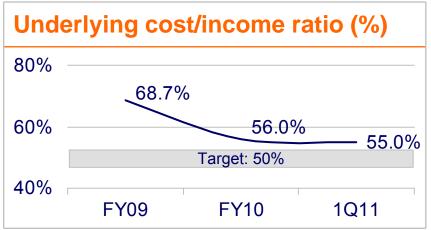
- Group net result in 1Q11 amounted to EUR 1,381 mln versus EUR 1,230 mln in 1Q10 and a net result of EUR 130 mln in 4Q10
- Divestments and special items totalled EUR -111 mln after tax in 1Q11

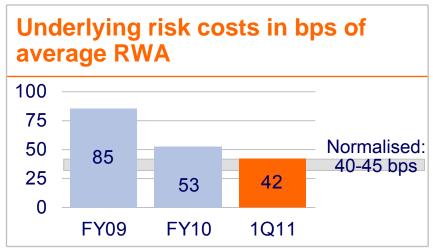
^{*} Insurance/Group 2010 figures have been restated to reflect ING's move towards fv accounting on reserves for GMWB as of 1 Jan 2011



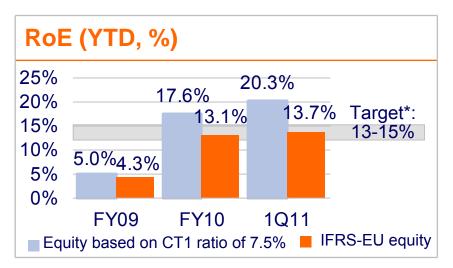
Bank is making good progress on Ambition 2013





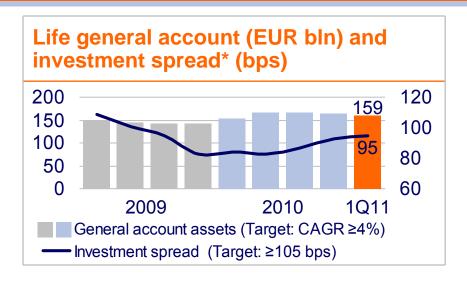


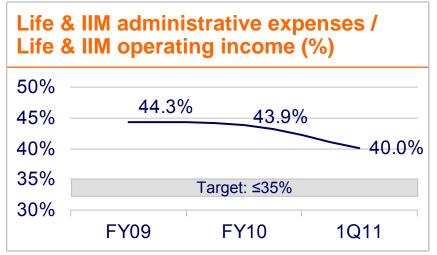


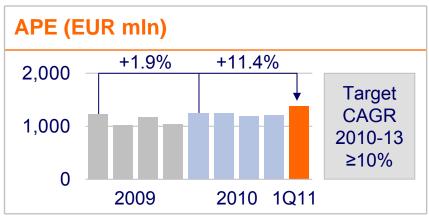


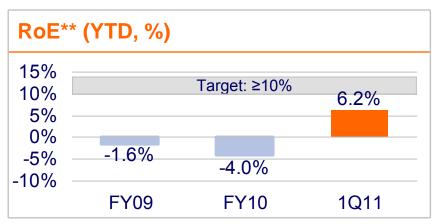


Insurance operations showing clear progress on Ambition 2013









^{**} Annualised underlying net result divided by average IFRS-EU equity. (For Insurance, the 2010 quarterly results are adjusted for the after tax allocated cost of Group core debt.). The 2009/2010 figures have been restated to reflect ING's move towards fv accounting on reserves for GMWB as of 1 Jan 2011



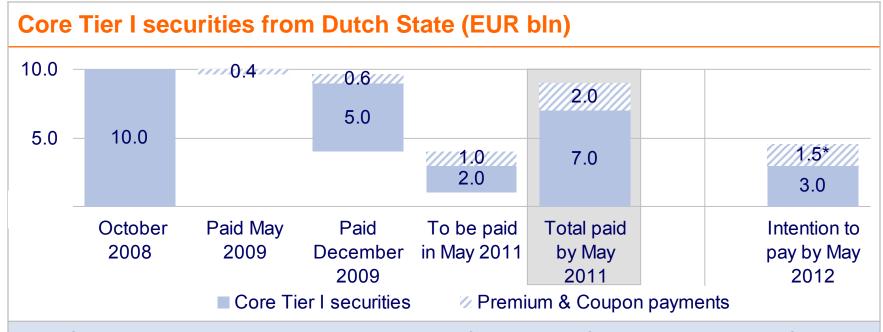
^{*} Four-quarter rolling average

Separation and divestment process on track

2010 2011 2012 2013 **Separation** Preparation for two IPOs for Ready for Restructuring Bank/Insurance **IPOs** Insurance to be when completed As of 1/1/11. Bank ING will implement operational market end 2013 and Insurance/IM disentanglement between the US and conditions EurAsia Insurance/IM operations to operate at arm's are length from each other prepare for the base case of two IPOs favourable Operational separation includes end state and interim solutions ING will replace interim solutions with permanent solutions FY2011 separation costs **FY10** separation costs skewed to 2H11 FY10 separation costs were EUR 85 million Separation costs* were EUR 20 mln after tax after tax in 1Q11 Total separation costs* for 2011 are estimated at FUR 200 mln after tax * Excluding rebranding

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Repurchase of second tranche of core Tier I securities from Dutch State will bring total payment to EUR 9.0 bln

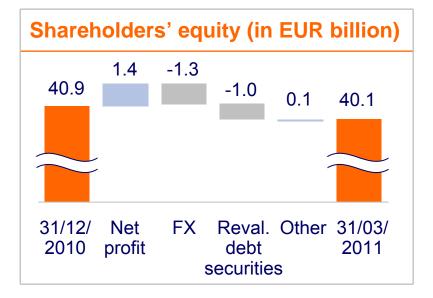


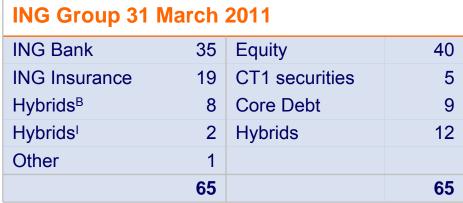
- ING will proceed with the planned repurchase of EUR 2 bln of core Tier 1 securities from the Dutch State on 13 May 2011
- The total payment will be EUR 3 bln and includes a 50% repurchase premium
- Based on ING's capital position on 31 March 2011 (core Tier I ratio of 10.0%), the repurchase would reduce the core Tier 1 ratio by 95 basis points
- Provided that the strong capital generation continues, ultimately by May 2012, ING intends to repurchase the remaining EUR 3 bln core Tier 1 securities from own resources, on terms that are acceptable to all stakeholders



^{*} Indicative, based on 50% premium

Second tranche of state aid will be repaid out of retained earnings from the Bank







- State aid of EUR 2 bln plus a 50% repurchase premium of EUR 1 bln will be repaid on 13 May 2011 out of retained earnings from the Bank
- Retained earnings and divestment proceeds will further enhance shareholders' equity

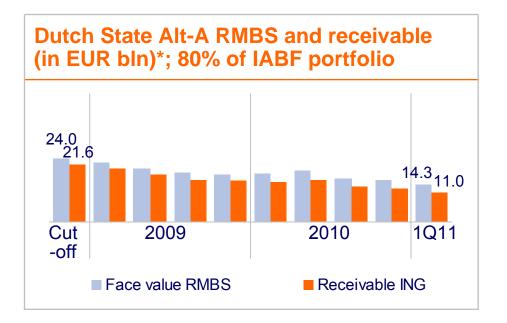
ING Group 31 March 2011 (pro-forma state
repayment incl. premium: EUR 3 billion)

ING Bank	32	Equity	39
ING Insurance	19	CT1 securities	3
Hybrids ^B	8	Core Debt	9
Hybrids ^I	2	Hybrids	12
Other	1		
	62		62



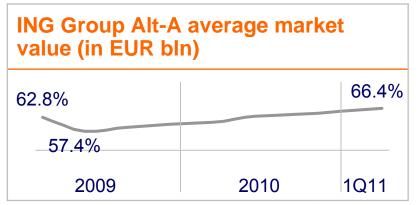
Alt-A market values recovering, repayments continue and cash losses remain limited

- Face value of Dutch State Alt-A RMBS declined from EUR 24.0 bln at the cut-off date (26 Jan 2009) to EUR 14.3 bln at the end of 1Q11 due to repayments and currency movements
- Government used cash flows to reduce 'receivable ING' faster, from EUR 21.6 bln at the cut-off date to EUR 11 bln at the end of 1Q11
- Actual accumulated cash losses have been limited



ING Group Alt-A RMBS (in EUR million) 20% of IABF portfolio

	2009	2010	1Q11
Alt-A portfolio*	2,708	2,626	2,379
After-tax revaluation reserve*	-109	176	201
Cash losses	3	13	10
IFRS pre-tax impairment	1,388	139	10



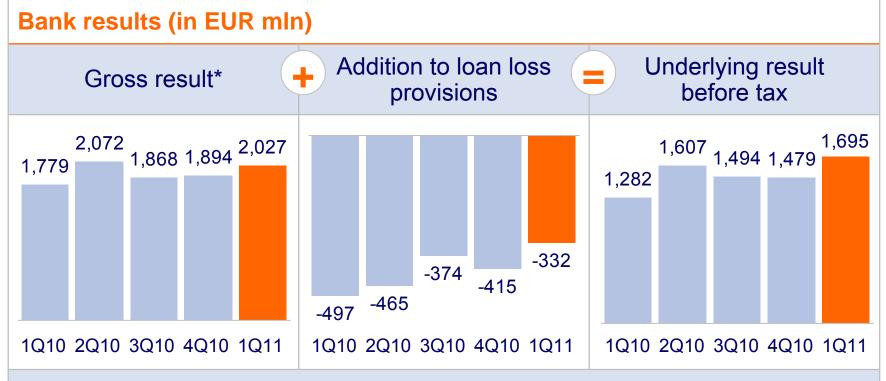


^{*} End of period.

ING Bank



ING Bank continued its strong growth momentum in 1Q11



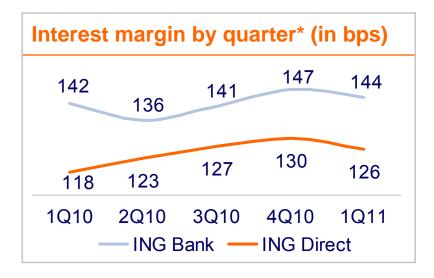
Gross result increased 13.9% from 1Q10, driven by strong income growth at ING Direct and Commercial Banking

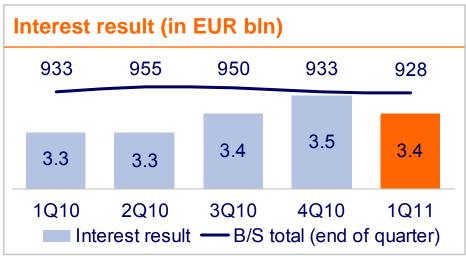
Risk costs continued to trend downward towards more normalised levels

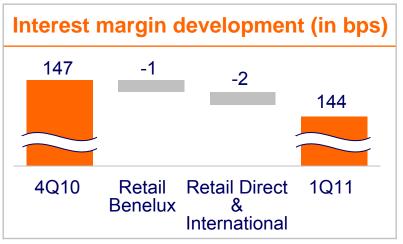


^{*} Gross result = underlying income - underlying expenses

Net interest margin remained healthy







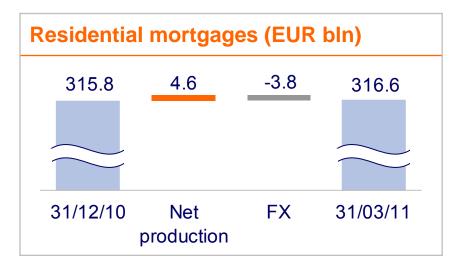
Interest result supported by higher margins and growth in client balances

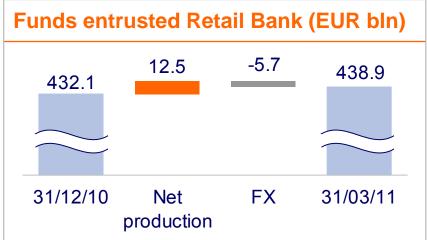
- Interest result rose 4.1% compared with 1Q10 driven by growth in client balances and higher interest margins in most areas
- Compared with 4Q10, margins for mortgages and savings in the Benelux are somewhat under pressure

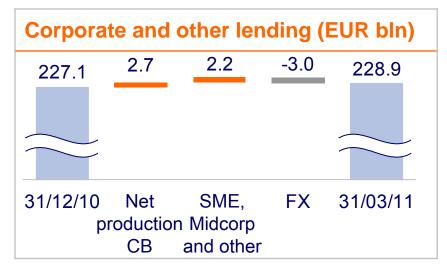


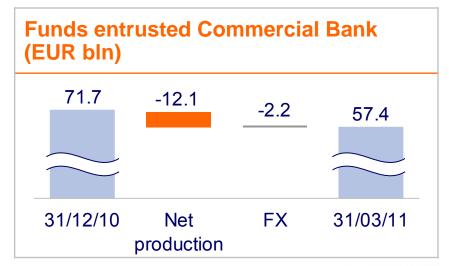
^{*} Interest margin is defined as the Bank's total interest result divided by average total Bank assets

Volumes increased across the Bank











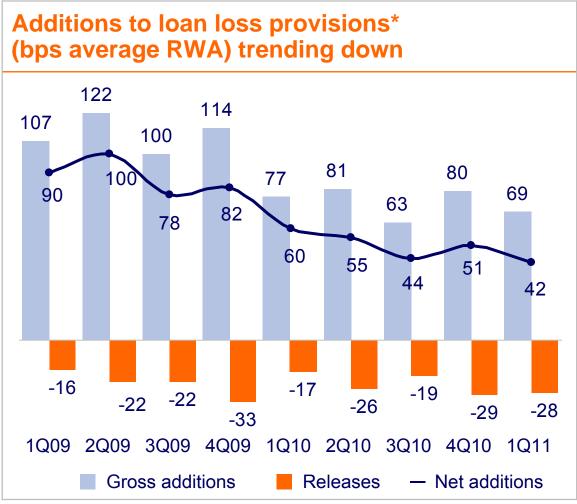
Expenses up 3.4% versus 1Q10, down 1.9% versus 4Q10



- Expenses down 1.9% versus 4Q10 due to lower marketing costs and one-off entry costs for the new deposit guarantee scheme in Belgium in 4Q10
- Expenses up 3.4% versus 1Q10 due to higher staff costs, increased marketing and IT project costs and higher contributions to deposit guarantee schemes
- Cost/income ratio improves to 55.0%



Risk costs continued to trend downward towards more normalised levels

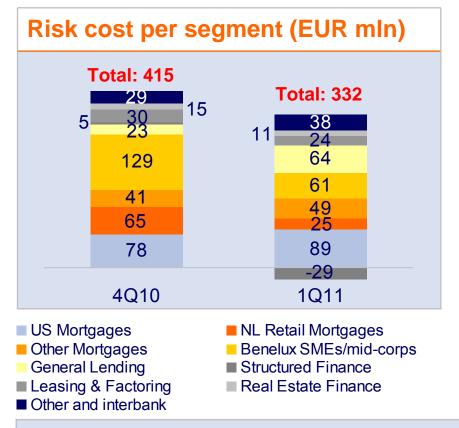


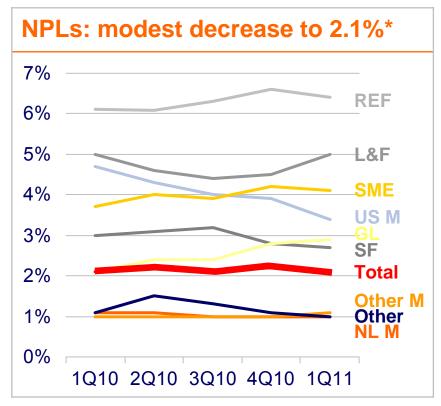
^{*} Not adjusted for divestments and special items

- Net addition to loan loss provisions of EUR 332 mln or 42 bps of average RWA in 1Q11
- For the coming quarters, risk costs as a percentage of RWA are expected to remain below the average level of 2010
- Through the cycle we expect risk costs of 40-45 bps of average RWA under Basel II



Non-performing loans decreased slightly to 2.1%



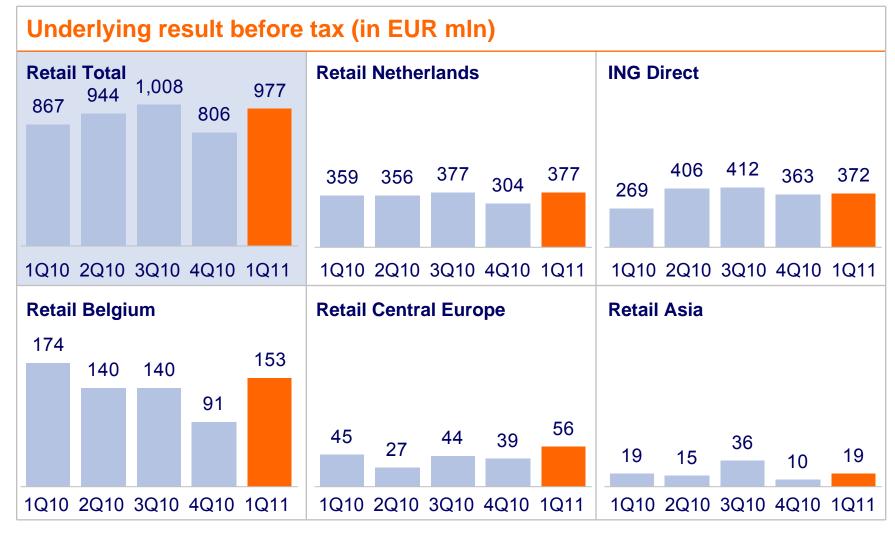


- Lower risk costs mainly visible in Retail Benelux, driven by reduced number of incidents in the mid-corporate segment and lower risk costs for the Dutch mortgage portfolio
- NPL ratio decreased slightly to 2.1% driven by lower non-performing loans at ING Direct US and ING Real Estate Finance



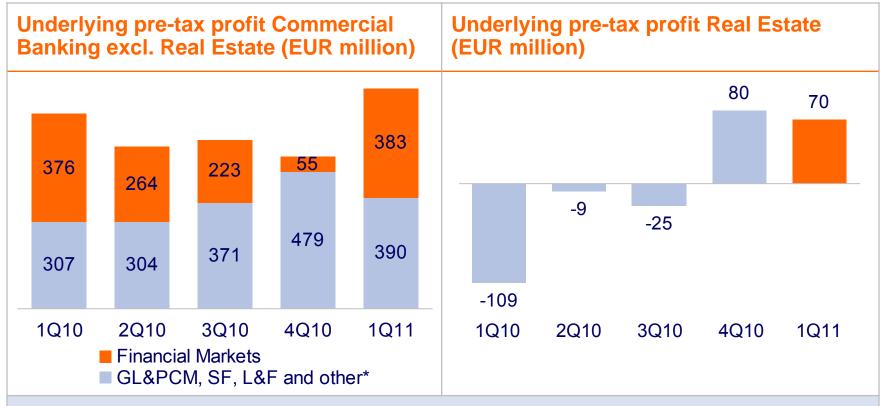
^{*} NPLs = 90+ days delinquencies and loss expected

Retail Banking results increased sharply versus 1Q10, driven by higher income at ING Direct





Very strong performance Commercial Banking; Real Estate continued to be profitable



- Commercial Banking (excluding Real Estate) posted record results in 1Q11, driven by a strong performance in Structured Finance and Leasing, as well as higher customer activity in Financial Markets
- ING Real Estate had another quarter with a positive underlying result, reflecting the further improvement of real estate markets

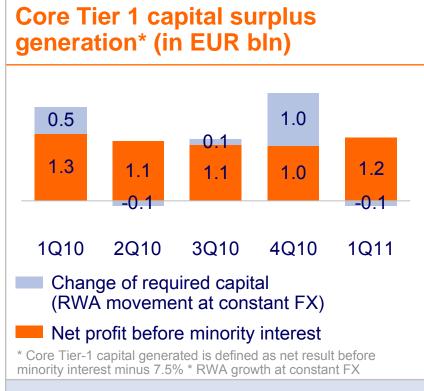
^{*} General Lending & Payments and Cash Management (GL&PCM), Structured Finance (SF), Leasing & Factoring (L&F) and other



Bank core Tier 1 ratio increased to 10.0% as a result of strong capital generation



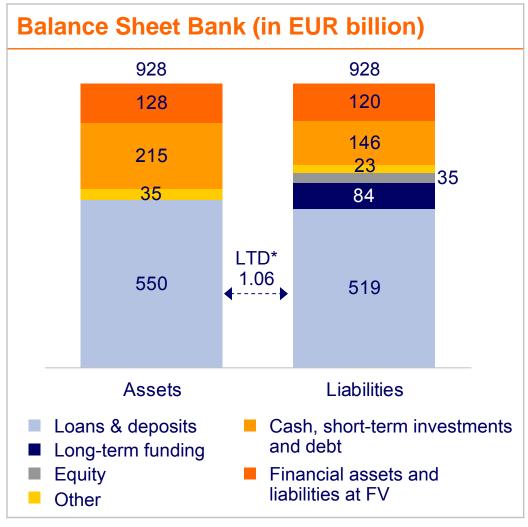
 Core Tier 1 ratio increased to 10.0%, from 8 4% at 31 March 2010



- Bank generated EUR 1.0 bln of core Tier 1 capital at constant FX in 1Q11
- Strong profit contribution was partly offset by a rise in RWA at constant FX



ING Bank has a favourable funding mix and long-term funding is increasing



- ING's loan-to-deposit ratio amounted to 1.06 at the end of 1Q11
- Funding mix dominated by deposits and long-term debt
- Long-term funding and deposits > long-term assets
- Long-term funding: ING
 Bank's 2011 refinancing
 need almost already met.
 EUR 10 billion raised year
 to-date, or 95% of debt
 maturing in 2011

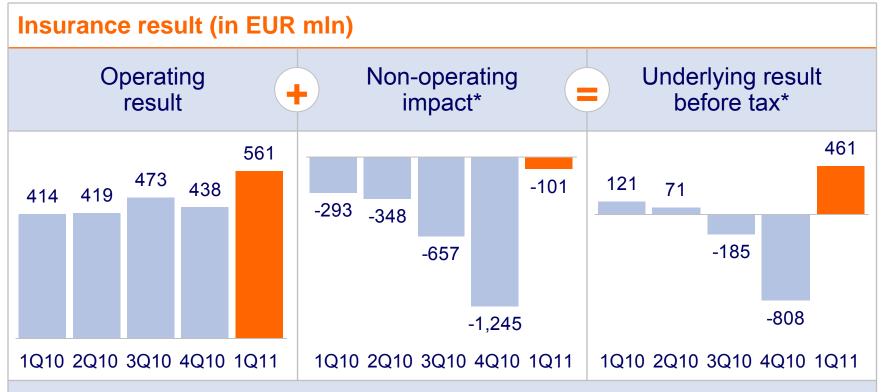


^{*} Loan-To-Deposit Ratio

ING Insurance



Insurance results show a strong improvement

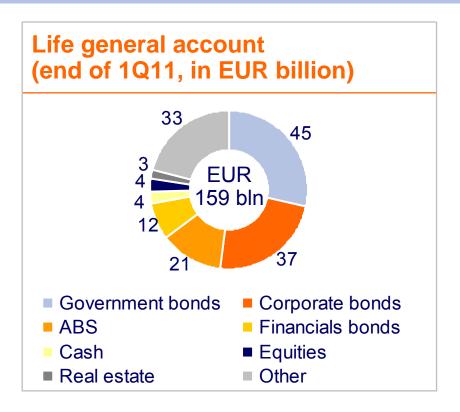


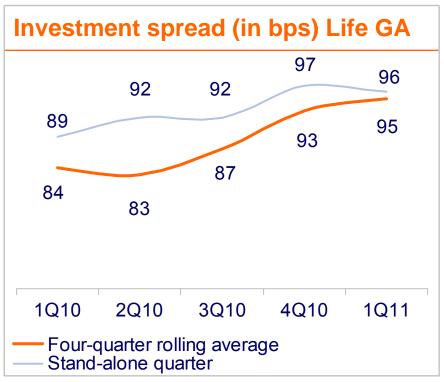
- Operating result up 35.5% from 1Q10 driven by improved investment spread and higher fees and premium-based revenues
- Non-operating impacts have diminished significantly

^{*} Insurance 2010 figures have been restated to reflect ING's move towards fair value accounting on reserves for GMWB for Life in the US Closed Block VA as of 1 Jan 2011



Investment spread increased further to 95 bps





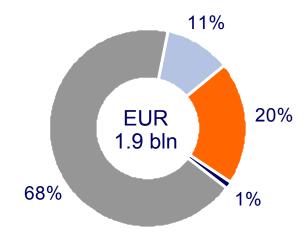
- Investment spread on Life general account assets increased further to 95 bps from 84 bps a year ago based on a four-quarter rolling average
- The actual investment spread in the stand-alone first quarter was 96 basis points



Increase Life & ING IM operating result supported by higher fees and premium-based revenues

Life Insurance & ING Investment Management (IM)

Life & ING IM operating income largely consists of fees and premium-based revenues (1Q11)



- Fees and premium-based revenues

- Technical margin
 Investment margin
 Non modelled life business

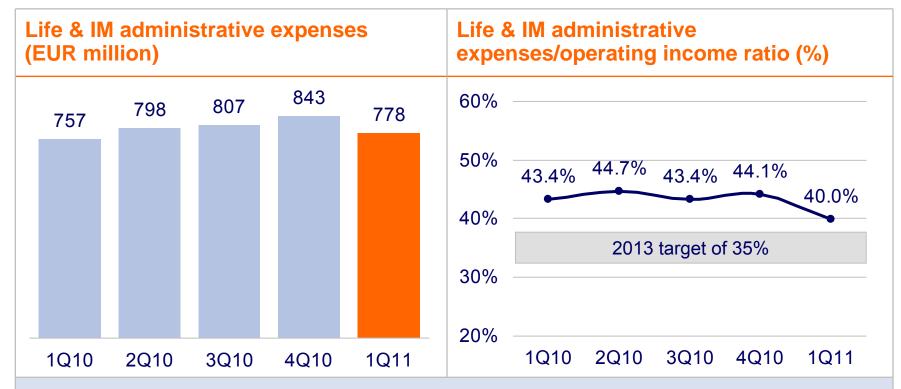




- Premium-based revenues
- Fees and premium-based revenues increased 10.5% from 1Q10 and 4.4% from 4Q10
- Cost of VA guarantees decreased to EUR 190 mln from FUR 198 mln in 1Q10



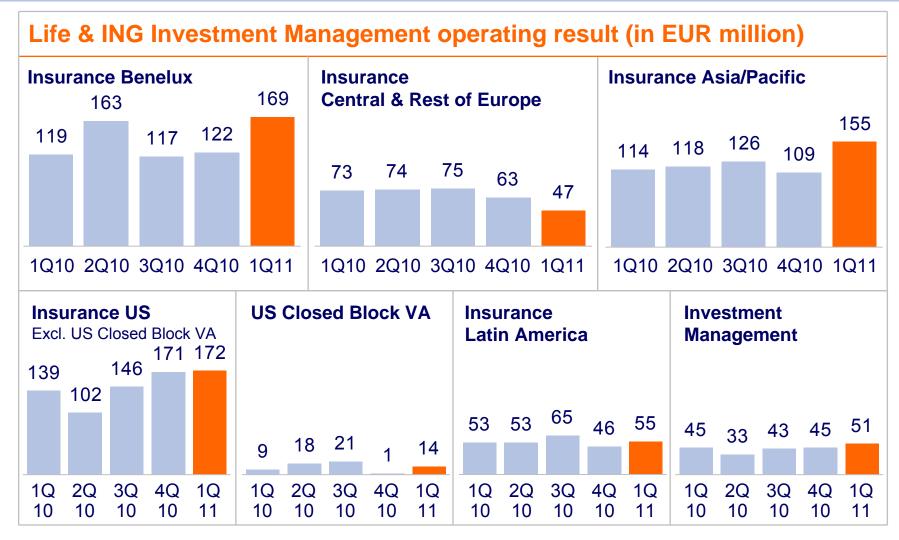
Administrative expenses/operating income ratio has improved to 40.0%



- Administrative expenses declined sharply from the fourth quarter and were up just 0.8% excluding currency effects from the first quarter of 2010, reflecting cost-containment efforts in the US and the Benelux
- Administrative expenses/operating income ratio has improved to 40.0%, from 43.4% in 1Q10



Operating result up in all business lines, except for CRE as a result of tax and regulatory changes





Interest rate and equity market sensitivities have been significantly reduced

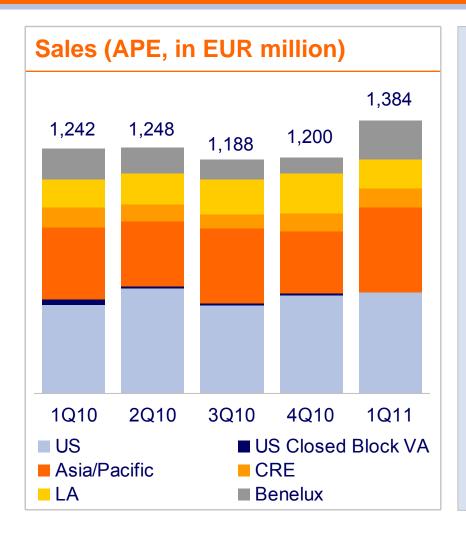


- Interest rate sensitivities have been reduced due to hedging changes for the Dutch separate account pension business
- Equity-related earnings sensitivities reflect direct equity exposure, primarily in the Benelux, and indirect equity exposure that arises primarily from US DAC unlocking and hedging activities
- Mean reversion methodology implemented for determining US DAC

^{*} Parallel shock based on 30% move in 10 year swap rate at year-end 2010. The sensitivities for US Closed Block VA at both year-end 2010 and 31 March 2011 reflect the move towards fair value accounting and the hedging of interest rate risk for GMWB.



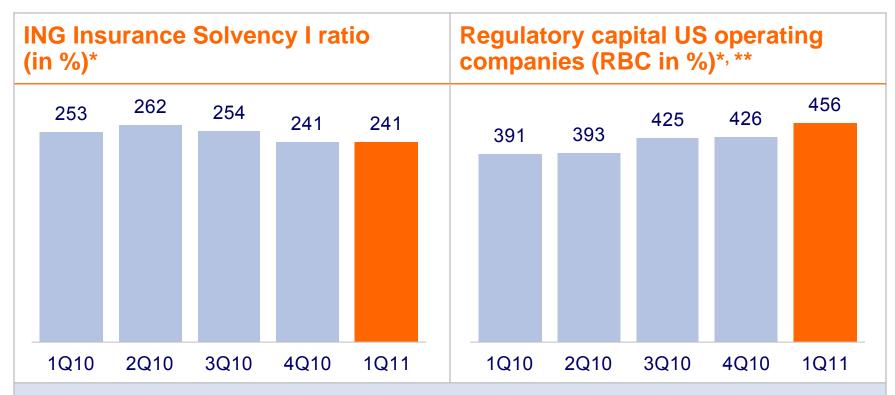
New sales (APE) continued to be strong



- New sales increased 11%, or 8% excluding currency effects, compared with 1Q10
- Increase driven by higher sales in Asia/Pacific, the Benelux and the US
- Sales in Central and Rest of Europe and Latin America declined versus 1Q10
- The sales decline in Latin America is due to lower mandatory pension sales in Mexico as new regulations led to a reduction in transfer activity



RBC ratio increased further in the first quarter



- The Solvency I ratio remained stable at 241% at the end of 1Q11
- The RBC ratio improved to 456%, reflecting the favourable impact of higher equity markets on the US Closed Block VA business

^{*} End of quarter; Solvency I numbers over the period 1Q10-4Q10 are updated primarily to reflect the earnings restatement for US Closed Block VA ** ING's US domiciled regulated insurance business; 1Q11 RBC ratio is preliminary and subject to change



Wrap up

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Disclaimer

ING Group's Annual Accounts are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ('IFRS-EU').

In preparing the financial information in this document, the same accounting principles are applied as in the 1Q2011 Interim Accounts. All figures in this document are unaudited. Small differences are possible in the tables due to rounding.

Certain of the statements contained herein are not historical facts, including, without limitation, certain statements made of future expectations and other forward-looking statements that are based on management's current views and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Actual results, performance or events may differ materially from those in such statements due to, without limitation: (1) changes in general economic conditions, in particular economic conditions in ING's core markets, (2) changes in performance of financial markets, including developing markets, (3) the implementation of ING's restructuring plan to separate banking and insurance operations, (4) changes in the availability of, and costs associated with, sources of liquidity such as interbank funding, as well as conditions in the credit markets generally, including changes in borrower and counterparty creditworthiness, (5) the frequency and severity of insured loss events, (6) changes affecting mortality and morbidity levels and trends, (7) changes affecting persistency levels, (8) changes affecting interest rate levels, (9) changes affecting currency exchange rates, (10) changes in general competitive factors, (11) changes in laws and regulations, (12) changes in the policies of governments and/or regulatory authorities, (13) conclusions with regard to purchase accounting assumptions and methodologies, (14) changes in ownership that could affect the future availability to us of net operating loss, net capital and built-in loss carry forwards, and (15) ING's ability to achieve projected operational synergies. ING assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or for any other reason.

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