





## 2013 Second Quarter Results

ING posts underlying net profit of EUR 942 million

### Jan Hommen CEO

Amsterdam – 7 August 2013 www.ing.com



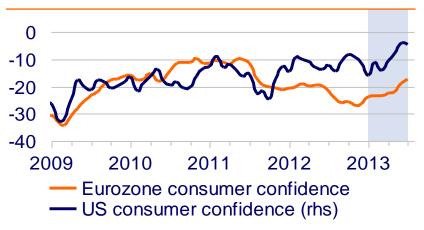
## Key points

- Good progress on restructuring
  - U.S. IPO launched
  - Double leverage reduced to EUR 4.4 bln
  - Relevant parts of WUB transferred to Nationale-Nederlanden Bank
- Group posted an underlying net profit of EUR 942 mln driven by robust performance in all three business segments
- Bank posted another strong quarter, with a pre-tax result of EUR 1,147 mln, supported by an improvement of the net interest margin to 142 bps and strict cost control
- The operating result of Insurance EurAsia showed a substantial improvement vs both 2Q12 and 1Q13, supported by expense reductions from the transformation programme announced last year and higher Non-life results
- Insurance U.S. posted solid operating performance, driven by higher fees and premium based revenues, reflecting net inflows from the Retirement and IIM businesses

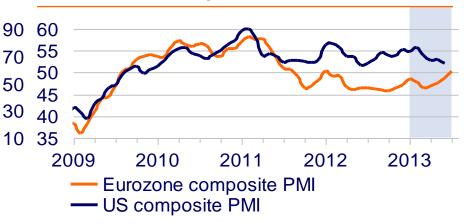


## Economic environment: we're not there yet

#### **Consumer confidence**



#### **Economic activity**



#### **Credit markets (in bps)**

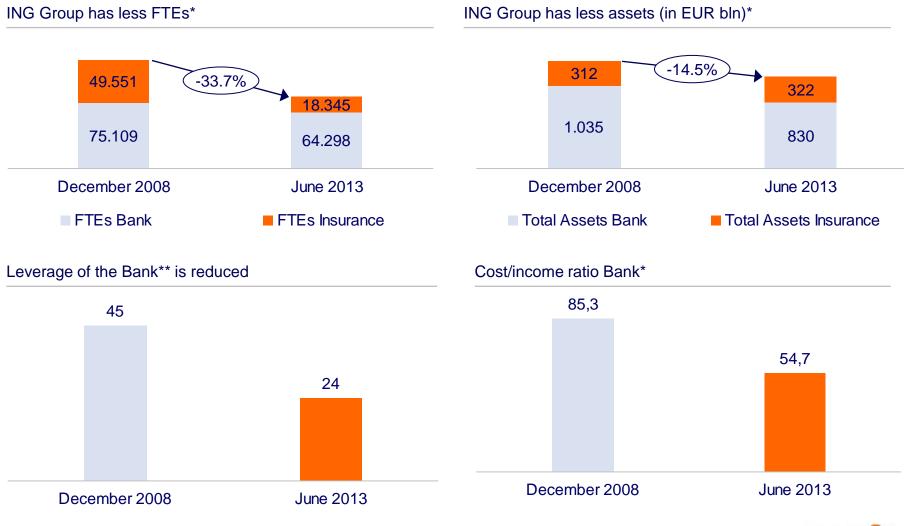


#### Stock markets



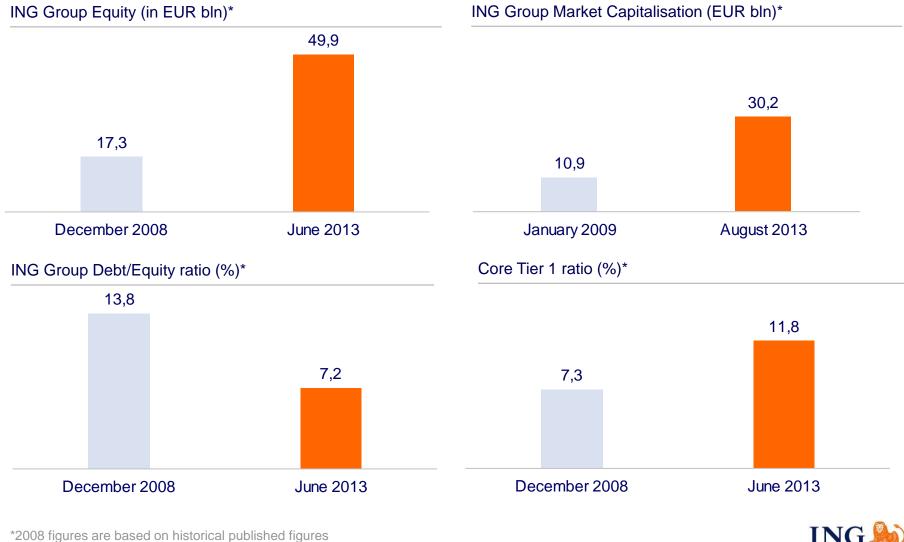


### ING is more focused and more efficient





## ING's equity and capital have strongly improved







## ING is maintaining momentum in restructuring

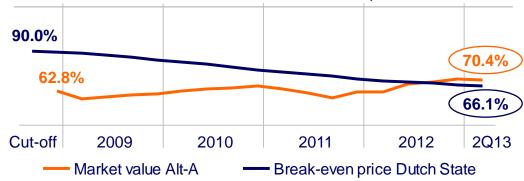
#### Delivering on EC restructuring in 2013

- ✓ Insurance ING U.S. IPO launched
- ✓ Sale of part of SulAmerica and KB Life closed
- ✓ Sale of CMF, additional part of SulAmerica, ING-BOB Life and IIM Korea announced
- Relevant parts of WUB successfully transferred to NN Bank per 1 July 2013
- Sales process ING Life Korea, Japan and remaining IIM Asia ongoing
- Aim to have Insurance Europe ready for base case IPO in 2014
- Next tranche repayment of core Tier 1 securities to Dutch State scheduled for November 2013
- IABF in the money for the Dutch State since the end of 2012

#### More than EUR 10 bln paid to the Dutch State (in EUR mln)

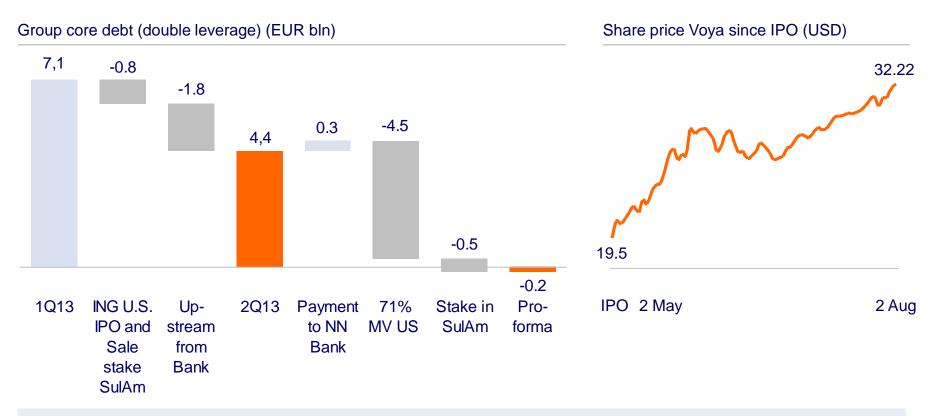


#### Market value of Alt-A above economic break-even price Dutch State





## Group holding double leverage strongly reduced



- Double leverage in the Group reduced from EUR 7.1 bln to EUR 4.4 bln in 2Q due to ING U.S. IPO in combination with sale of part of ING's stake in SulAmerica and EUR 1.8 bln dividend to the Group from Bank
- On 1 July, the Group provided EUR 300 mln capital to NN Bank and EUR 30 mln transition costs to set up NN Bank
- Current market value of remaining 71% stake in ING U.S., as well as the sale of an additional part of ING's stake in SulAmerica and the market value of the remaining 21% stake would offset the remaining double leverage



## Relevant parts WUB transferred to NN Bank

Relevant parts WUB transferred to Nationale-Nederlanden Bank per 1 July as part of amendments to EC restructuring plan as announced in Nov 2012

- EUR 3.9 bln of mortgages and EUR 0.1 bln of other consumer lending transferred to NN Bank
- Retail savings of EUR 3.7 bln transferred to NN Bank
- In June 2013, ING Bank declared a dividend of EUR 330 mln to the Group. On 1 July, the Group provided a capital injection of EUR 300 mln and EUR 30 mln of transition costs to set up NN Bank
- · Transfer of 400 FTEs from WUB to NN Bank



#### NN Bank is fully CRD IV compliant

	1 July 2013
CET ratio	>12%
BIS ratio	>16%
Leverage ratio	>3.5%
LCR	> 100%

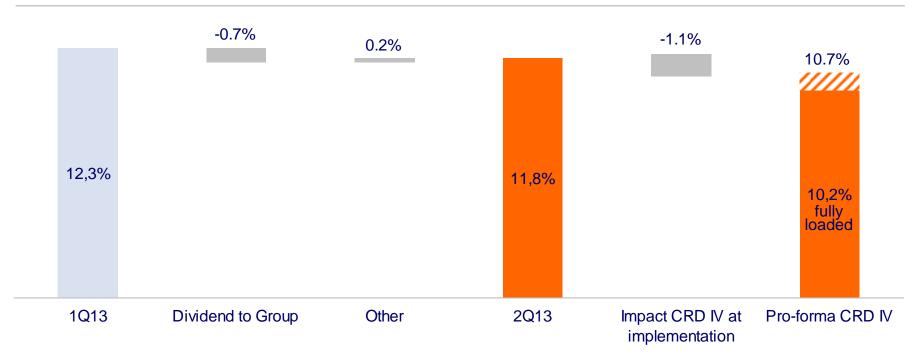
NN Bank will become a strong competitor in the Netherlands

- Operating under the strong Nationale-Nederlanden brand
- NN Bank has its own funding capabilities and a strong parent, ING Insurance
- NN Bank has a broad distribution network with access to over 2 mln customers



## Strong capital position Bank despite dividend to Group

#### ING Bank core Tier 1 ratio (in %)



- ING Bank's core Tier 1 ratio decreased from 12.3% to 11.8% following the EUR 1.8 bln dividend to the Group, of which EUR 1.5 bln has been used to reduce the double leverage and EUR 0.3 bln was provided to NN Bank on 1 July
- CRD IV will start on 1 January 2014, including the first tranche of the phased-in effect. Pro-forma impact is -110 bps, of which - 20 bps phased-in effect, resulting in a pro-forma CRD IV core Tier 1 ratio of 10.7%
- The pro-forma core Tier 1 ratio on a fully-loaded basis is 10.2%, exceeding ING's Ambition 2015 target of ≥10%



## ING Bank is making clear progress on Ambition 2015

	Ambition 2015	30 June 2013 /1H13	CRD IV minimum	
Core Tier 1	At least ≥10% under CRD IV	10.2%	>8%*	
Leverage	Leverage ratio to increase above 4% (CRD IV)	3.9%**	>3%	
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio >100% in 2015	>100%	>100%	
Assets	Balance sheet to remain stable at ~EUR 870 billion	EUR 830 bln	[	
LtD	Loan to Deposit ratio to decline to below 1.10	1.07		
NIM	<ul> <li>Re-pricing, deleveraging to improve NIM (140-145 bps)</li> </ul>	140 bps		
C/I	Cost/income ratio to decline to 50-53% in 2015	54.7%		
RoE	Return on Equity of 10-13% over the cycle	9.3%		

#### ING Bank is CRD IV compliant

<sup>\*\*</sup> Leverage ratio used by ING is defined as Basel III Tier 1 capital divided by total balance sheet exposure (including off balance sheet exposure).

Basel III Leverage ratio declined slightly from 1Q13 (4.0%) due to the dividend payment to the Group



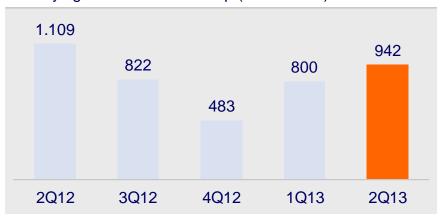
<sup>\*</sup> Minimum Common Equity Capital ratio (4.5%), Capital Conservation buffer (2.5%) plus Global SIFI Buffer (1.0%). The local SIFI buffer, Systemic Risk Buffer and Counter Cyclical Buffer are not included as the details are not yet known

## Second quarter 2013 results

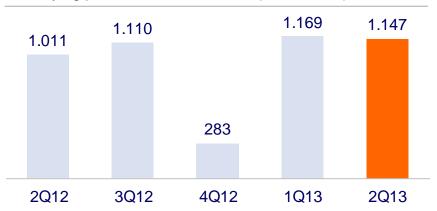


# Underlying net result of EUR 942 mln, driven by robust performance in all three business segments

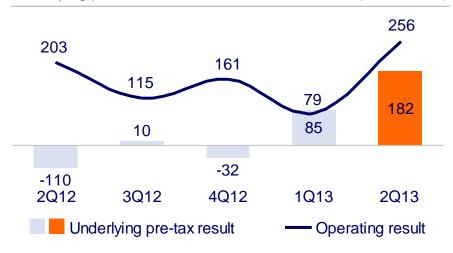
#### Underlying net result ING Group (in EUR mln)



Underlying pre-tax result ING Bank (in EUR mln)



Underlying pre-tax result ING Insurance EurAsia (in EUR mln)



Underlying pre-tax result Insurance ING U.S. (in EUR mln)



## ING Bank posted another strong quarter

#### Bank results (in EUR mln)



- Gross result rose to EUR 1,762 mln, as the net interest margin continued to improve and ongoing cost-containment programmes yielded further expense savings
- Risk costs remained elevated amid the weak economic environment in Europe



## Net interest margin rose to 142 bps

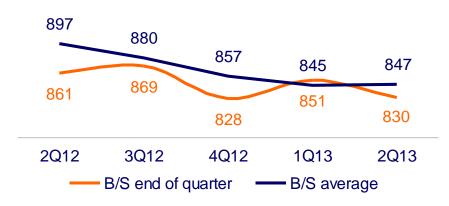
#### Underlying interest margin by quarter (in bps)



- Net interest result (in EUR mln)
- ING Bank (based on avg Balance Sheet)
- Lending (based on avg Client Balances)
- —— PCM/Savings&Deposits (based on avg Client Balances)

#### Average B/S remained flat in 2Q13

#### Bank Balance Sheet (in EUR bln)

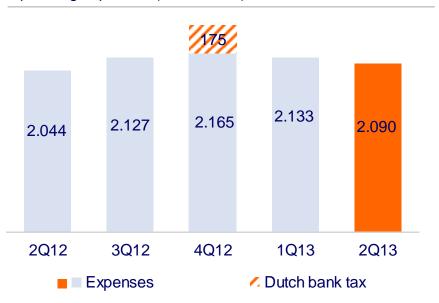


- Net interest result increased 3.1% versus 1Q13
- Net interest margin improved to 142 bps, mainly driven by higher interest results while the average balance sheet remained stable
- Savings margins increased versus 1Q13
- Lending margins were up from 2Q12, reflecting repricing of the loan book, and stable from 1Q13
- The NIM is expected to remain at around these levels in the coming quarters

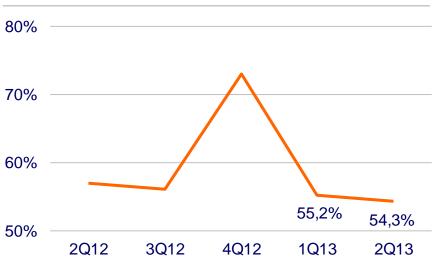


## Operating expenses declined further in 2Q13

#### Operating expenses (in EUR mln)







- Expenses rose slightly versus a year ago as the impact of cost savings initiatives and lower RED impairments were offset by significantly higher pension costs, the impact of collective labour agreements and higher regulatory expenses
- Excluding EUR 56 mln higher pension costs, which were largely caused by a decrease of the discount rate, and excluding the EUR 38 mln refund from the old DGS in Belgium in 2Q12, operating expenses declined by 2.3% versus 2Q12
- Cost/income ratio improved to 54.3% versus target of 50-53% by 2015



## Cost-saving programmes on track

#### Restructuring programmes (in EUR mln)

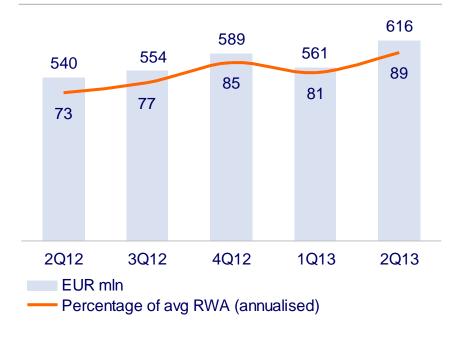
		Announced	Cost savings achieved	Cost savings by 2015	Total cost savings	Total FTE reduction
Bank	Retail Banking NL	3Q11/4Q12	194	430	450	4,100
	ING Bank Belgium	4Q12	20	150	150	1,000
	Commercial Banking	3Q12	65	260	315	1,000
	Total Bank		279	840	915	6,100

- In 3Q11 and 2H12, cost-saving initiatives were announced for Retail NL, ING Belgium and Commercial Banking to improve future performance and reduce annual expenses by a combined EUR 840 mln by 2015
- Cost savings realised so far are EUR 279 mln, with a total reduction of 3,440 FTEs
- Cost savings still to be achieved by 2015 amount to EUR 561 mln for the Bank
- ING will continue to further optimise its cost structure (e.g. overhead costs) and additional cost savings are being investigated

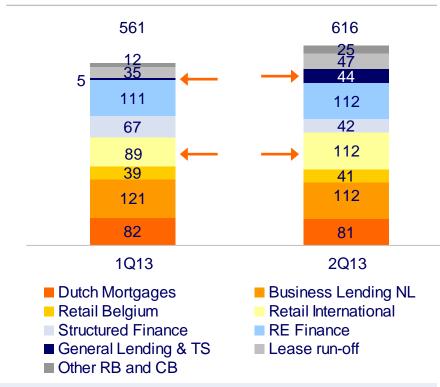


### Risk costs remained elevated in 2Q13

Underlying additions to loan loss provisions (in EUR mln and bps of avg RWA)



Underlying additions to loan loss provisions (in EUR mln)

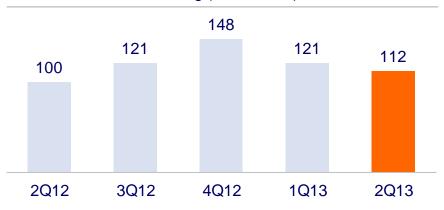


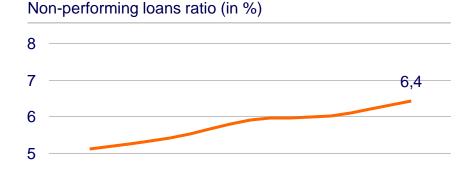
- Risk costs increased by EUR 55 mln to EUR 616 mln, driven by General Lending & Transaction Services (TS) and Retail International
- Risk costs at General Lending & TS rose from a very low level of EUR 5 mln in 1Q13 to EUR 44 mln in 2Q13. The EUR
   23 mln increase in Retail international reflects additional provisioning for a restructured CMBS
- Risk costs for Dutch mortgages and Real Estate Finance were flat versus 1Q13. Risk costs Business Lending NL down



## Risk costs Business Lending NL down versus 1Q13

#### Risk costs business lending (in EUR mln)

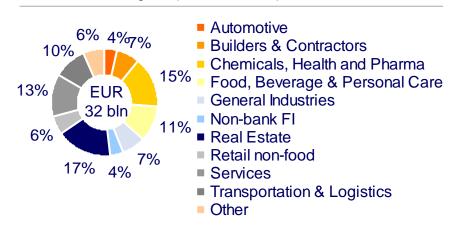




4Q12

1Q13

#### Business Lending NL (30 June 2013)



#### Risk costs down, but expected to remain elevated

3Q12

2Q12

- Risk costs up versus 2Q12, but down versus 1Q13
- The NPL ratio increased to 6.4%, from 6.0% in 1Q13
- The NPL ratio remains relatively high in retail non-food, builders & contractors and transportation & logistics
- Given the weak economic environment in the Netherlands, risk costs are expected to remain elevated

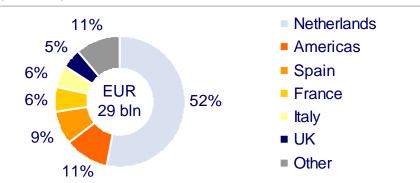


2Q13

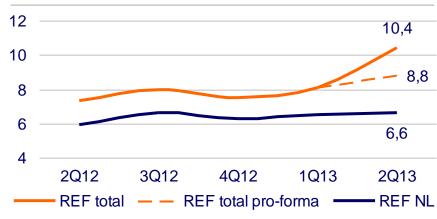
## Risk costs Real Estate Finance stable from 1Q13









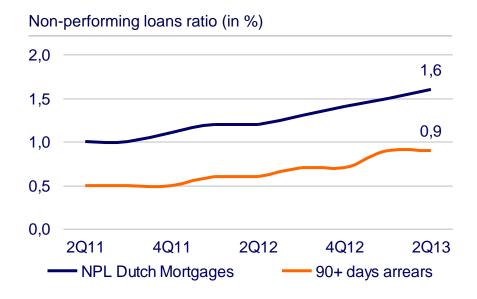


<sup>\*</sup> Credits outstanding

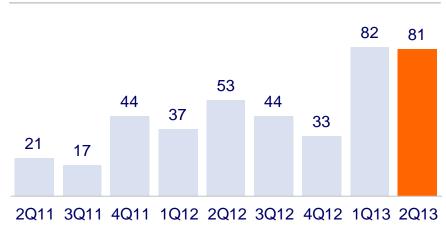
- Risk costs for Real Estate Finance were EUR 112 mln, down from 2Q12 and stable from 1Q13
- Risk costs were concentrated in the Netherlands and Spain
- The NPL ratio rose to 10.4%, mainly due to one Spanish file that was sold in July 2013. On a pro-forma basis, the NPL ratio was 8.8%
- The NPL ratio for REF NL rose slightly to 6.6%
- LTV of total REF rose slightly to 74%, from 72% in 1Q13, reflecting lower values of real estate assets
- Risk costs in REF are expected to remain elevated at around these levels given deteriorating European commercial real estate markets



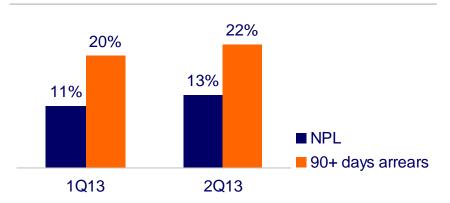
## NPL ratio Dutch mortgages rose slightly to 1.6%



#### Risk costs (in EUR mln)



#### Coverage ratio based on NPL and 90+ days arrears



- Risk costs were EUR 81 mln in 1Q13, up from 2Q12 but flat from 1Q13
- The NPL ratio increased marginally to 1.6%
- 90+ days arrears remained flat at 0.9%
- Average LTV increased to 91%, from 90% in 1Q13
- Given the continuing weakness in the housing market and the broader Dutch economy, loan loss provisions on the mortgage portfolio are expected to remain at around this level for the coming quarters



## Insurance EurAsia



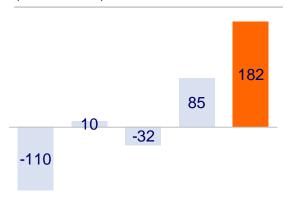
# Insurance EurAsia results improved vs 2Q12 and 1Q13

## Operating result (in EUR mln)



- Operating result up vs 2Q12 due to lower expenses, an improvement in the Non-life results and lower funding costs
- Increase vs 1Q13 due to seasonally higher dividend income, improved Non-life results and lower funding costs
- In 1Q13, the Corporate Line included a non-recurring loss of EUR 31 mln on a reinsurance contract

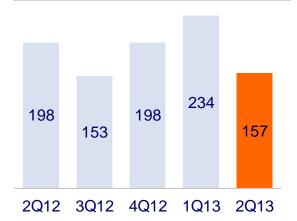
## Underlying pre-tax result (in EUR mln)



2Q12 3Q12 4Q12 1Q13 2Q13

- The underlying result improved strongly from EUR -110 mln in 2Q12 to EUR 182 mln in 2Q13, largely due to lower impact of market related items
- Increase versus 1Q13 mainly due to a higher operating result

## Sales (APE, in EUR mln)



- Sales (at constant FX) declined 20.3% y-o-y due to a 64.0% decline in sales in the Benelux, partly offset by a 36.0% growth in CRE.
- Sales fell 32.3% (at constant FX)
  vs 1Q13, as the first quarter
  included seasonally higher
  corporate pension renewals in the
  Netherlands



# EurAsia income flat from 2Q12, but strongly up from 1Q

## Investment margin (in EUR mln)



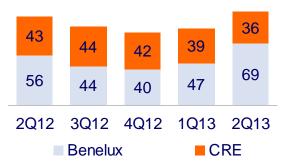
- The investment margin was EUR 194 mln, down 1.0% from 2Q12 due to the impact from the low yield environment and lower dividends reflecting the reduction in the equity exposure
- Increase of 52.8% vs 1Q13 largely due to seasonally higher dividends received in the Benelux

## Fees and premium based revenues (in EUR mln)



- Fees and premium-based revenues declined 1.1% from 2Q12 to EUR 351 million, as lower premium income in the Dutch retail life business was partly offset by higher revenues in CRE and IIM
- Decrease versus 1Q13 driven by seasonality in the corporate pensions business in NL

## Technical margin (in EUR mln)

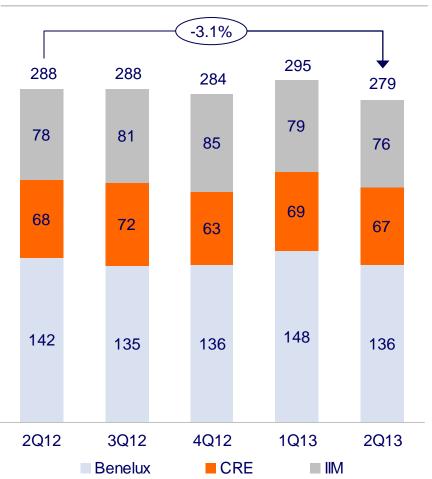


 The technical margin was EUR 105 million, up 6.1% from 2Q12 and 22.1% from 1Q13, mainly reflecting the decrease of unitlinked guarantee provisions in the current quarter following an increase in market interest rates



## Administrative expenses down from 2Q12 and 1Q13

Life & IM administrative expenses (in EUR mln)



<sup>\*</sup> Savings are coming through in administrative expenses (total)

- Life Insurance & Investment Management administrative expenses declined by 3.1% versus 2Q12 and 5.4% versus 1Q13, reflecting the impact of the transformation programme in the Benelux and strong cost control throughout Europe
- These impacts more than offset higher pension costs in the Netherlands compared to one year ago
- The administrative expenses/income ratio improved to 42.5% in 2Q13, from 43.8% in 2Q12 and 49.5% in 1Q13

Transformation programme is already yielding cost savings (in EUR mln)

	Achieved in 1H2013	By end 2014
Cost savings*	65 mln	200 mln
FTE reduction	506 FTE	1,350 FTE

 ING will continue to further optimise its cost structure and additional cost savings are being investigated

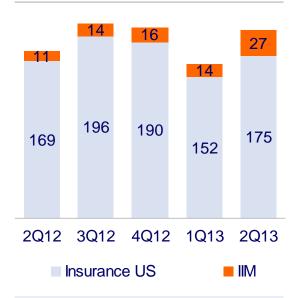


## Insurance ING U.S.



## Insurance US and IIM posted strong operating result

## Operating result Insurance US/IIM (in EUR mln)



- The operating result for Insurance US increased 3.6% vs 2Q12 and 13.6% vs 1Q13 (both ex FX), driven by higher fees and premium-based revenues
- IIM posted a second quarter operating result of EUR 27 mln, up from 2Q12 and 1Q13

## Underlying pre-tax result Insurance US/IIM (in EUR mln)



 The underlying pre-tax result declined both from 2Q12 and 1Q13, primarily due to negative revaluations on certain assets and due to increased volatility in interest rates during the quarter

## Underlying pre-tax result US Closed Block VA (in EUR mln)



 Underlying results from the US Closed Block VA continued to reflect market volatility as hedges are focused on protecting regulatory and rating agency capital rather than mitigating IFRS earnings volatility



# Wrap up



## Wrap up

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### Disclaimer

ING Group's Annual Accounts are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ('IFRS-EU').

In preparing the financial information in this document, the same accounting principles are applied as in the 2Q2013 ING Group Interim Accounts.

Certain of the statements contained herein are not historical facts, including, without limitation, certain statements made of future expectations and other forward-looking statements that are based on management's current views and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Actual results, performance or events may differ materially from those in such statements due to, without limitation: (1) changes in general economic conditions, in particular economic conditions in ING's core markets. (2) changes in performance of financial markets, including developing markets, (3) consequences of a potential (partial) break-up of the euro, (4) the implementation of ING's restructuring plan to separate banking and insurance operations, (5) changes in the availability of, and costs associated with, sources of liquidity such as interbank funding, as well as conditions in the credit markets generally, including changes in borrower and counterparty creditworthiness, (6) the frequency and severity of insured loss events, (7) changes affecting mortality and morbidity levels and trends, (8) changes affecting persistency levels, (9) changes affecting interest rate levels, (10) changes affecting currency exchange rates, (11) changes in investor, customer and policyholder behaviour, (12) changes in general competitive factors, (13) changes in laws and regulations, (14) changes in the policies of governments and/or regulatory authorities, (15) conclusions with regard to purchase accounting assumptions and methodologies, (16) changes in ownership that could affect the future availability to us of net operating loss, net capital and built-in loss carry forwards, (17) changes in credit-ratings, (18) ING's ability to achieve projected operational synergies and (19) the other risks and uncertainties detailed in the Risk Factors section contained in the most recent annual report of ING Groep N.V. Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of ING speak only as of the date they are made, and, ING assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or for any other reason. This document does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities.

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